GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2019



General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Contents	Page
1. Council Certificate	2
2. Understanding Council's Financial Statements	3
3. Primary Financial Statements:	
 Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement of Financial Position Statement of Changes in Equity Statement of Cash Flows 	4 5 6 7
4. Notes to the Financial Statements	8
5. Independent Auditor's Report - Financial Statements	56
6. Independent Auditor's Report - Internal Controls	#
7. Certificates of Audit Independence	
- Council Certificate of Audit Independence - Audit Certificate of Audit Independence	#

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Certification of Financial Statements

We have been authorised by the Council to certify the financial statements in their final form.

In our opinion:

- the accompanying financial statements comply with the *Local Government Act* 1999, *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations* 2011 and Australian Accounting Standards,
- the financial statements present a true and fair view of the Council's financial position at 30 June 2019 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the financial year,
- internal controls implemented by the Council provide a reasonable assurance that the Council's financial records are complete, accurate and reliable and were effective throughout the financial year,

Peter Slattery

MAYOR

the financial statements accurately reflect the Council's accounting and other records.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date: 4 May 2020

Eric Brown

General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Understanding Council's Financial Statements

Introduction

Each year, individual Local Governments across South Australia are required to present a set of audited Financial Statements to their Council and Community.

About the Certification of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements must be certified by the Chief Executive Officer and Mayor as "presenting a true & fair view" of the Council's financial results for the year and ensuring both responsibility for and ownership of the Financial Statements across Council.

What you will find in the Statements

The Financial Statements set out the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of Council for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.

The format of the Financial Statements is standard across all South Australian Councils and complies with both the accounting and reporting requirements of Australian Accounting Standards and the requirements as set down in the South Australia Model Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements incorporate 4 "primary" financial statements:

1. A Statement of Comprehensive Income

A summary of Council's financial performance for the year, listing all income & expenses.

2. A Balance Sheet

A 30 June snapshot of Council's financial position including its assets & liabilities.

3. A Statement of Changes in Equity

The overall change for the year (in dollars) of Council's "net wealth".

4. A Statement of Cash Flows

Indicates where Council's cash came from and where it was spent.

About the Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide greater detail and additional information on the 4 Primary Financial Statements.

About the Auditor's Reports

Council's Financial Statements are required to be audited by external accountants (that generally specialise in Local Government).

In South Australia, the Auditor provides an audit report, with an opinion on whether the Financial Statements present fairly the Council's financial performance and position.

About the Independence Certificates

Council's Financial Statements are also required to include signed Certificates by both the Council and the Auditors that the Council's Auditor has maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Who uses the Financial Statements?

The Financial Statements are publicly available documents and are used by (but not limited to) Councillors, Residents and Ratepayers, Employees, Suppliers, Contractors, Customers, the Local Government Association of South Australia, the SA Local Government Grants Commission, and Financiers including Banks and other Financial Institutions.

Under the *Local Government Act 1999* the Financial Statements must be made available at the principal office of the Council and on Council's website.

More information...

A 5 year snapshot of Council's key financial figures can be found at Note 26 of the Financial Statements.

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2019

\$	Notes	2019	2018
Income			
Rates Revenues	2a	2,329,553	2,222,028
Statutory Charges	2b	31,119	49,170
User Charges	2c	107,185	99,868
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	2g	1,887,076	1,655,354
Investment Income	2d	85,174	82,362
Reimbursements	2e	60,297	33,951
Other Income	2f	484,521	506,397
Total Income		4,984,925	4,649,130
Expenses			
Employee Costs	3a	1,472,881	1,520,048
Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses	3b	2,841,607	2,452,630
Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment	3c	1,511,060	1,523,742
Finance Costs	3d	65,510	72,107
Total Expenses		5,891,058	5,568,526
Operating Surplus / (Deficit)		(906,133)	(919,396)
Asset Disposal & Fair Value Adjustments	4	45,042	22,896
Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Assets	2g	371,514	1,465,842
	29		
Net Surplus / (Deficit) ¹		(489,577)	569,342
Other Comprehensive Income			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result Nil			
Amounts which will be reclassified subsequently to operating result Nil			
Total Comprehensive Income		(489,577)	569,342
AASB1004 Recognition			
Fin. Assistance Grants & Supp. Road Funding Received in Advance	2ga, 8aa	279,275	39,062
Operating Surplus / (Deficit) adjusted for AASB1004		(626,858)	(880,334)
Grants Received in Advance (CCTV)	2ga, 8aa	<u> </u>	(38,882)
Total AASB1004 Adjustments		279,275	180
Total Comprehensive Income after AASB1004		(210,302)	569,521
•		· · /	

¹ Transferred to Statement of Changes in Equity

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2019

\$	Notes	2019	2018
400570			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5a	3,327,155	3,259,832
Trade & Other Receivables	5b	623,682	470,397
Inventories	5c	355,813	503,524
Total Current Assets	_	4,306,650	4,233,753
Non-Current Assets			
Financial Assets	6a	30,193	34,939
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	7a	53,076,375	53,127,592
Other Non-Current Assets	6b	305,613	521,394
Total Non-Current Assets		53,412,181	53,683,925
TOTAL ASSETS		57,718,831	57,917,679
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade & Other Payables	8a	1,616,340	992,518
Borrowings	8b	869,356	214,155
Provisions	8c	858,594	1,089,336
Total Current Liabilities		3,344,290	2,296,009
Non-Current Liabilities			
Borrowings	8b	134,730	889,151
Provisions	8c	29,917	33,048
Total Non-Current Liabilities		164,647	922,199
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,508,937	3,218,207
Net Assets		54,209,894	54,699,471
EQUITY			
EQUITY Accumulated Surplus		15 571 400	15 002 622
Accumulated Surplus Asset Revaluation Reserves	9a	15,571,499 35,764,708	15,902,633 35,764,708
Other Reserves	9a 9b	2,873,687	3,032,130
	55		
Total Council Equity		54,209,894	54,699,471

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2019

			Asset	041	T.1.1
\$	Notes	Surplus	Revaluation Reserve	Other Reserves	Total Equity
2019					
Balance at the end of previous reporting period		15,902,633	35,764,708	3,032,130	54,699,471
a. Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year		(489,577)	-	-	(489,577)
Total Comprehensive Income		(489,577)	-	-	(489,577)
b. Transfers between Reserves		158,443	-	(158,443)	-
Balance at the end of period	-	15,571,499	35,764,708	2,873,687	54,209,894
2018					
Balance at the end of previous reporting period		14,612,093	35,764,708	3,753,328	54,130,129
a. Net Surplus / (Deficit) for Year		569,342	-	-	569,342
Total Comprehensive Income		569,342	-	-	569,342
b. Transfers between Reserves		721,198	-	(721,198)	-
Balance at the end of period	_	15,902,633	35,764,708	3,032,130	54,699,471

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2019

\$	Notes	2019	2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts			
Operating Receipts		5,355,779	5,008,856
Investment Receipts		85,174	82,362
<u>Payments</u>			
Operating Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(4,384,610)	(4,985,028)
Finance Payments		(66,834)	(75,112)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Operating Activities	11b	989,509	31,077
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Receipts			
Amounts Received Specifically for New/Upgraded Assets		371,514	1,465,842
Sale of Replaced Assets		114,864	115,182
Repayments of Loans by Community Groups		4,542	4,347
<u>Payments</u>			
Expenditure on Renewal/Replacement of Assets		(270,951)	(868,488)
Expenditure on New/Upgraded Assets		(1,042,934)	(1,530,939)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Investing Activities		(822,965)	(814,057)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Receipts			
Proceeds from Borrowings		120,000	-
<u>Payments</u>			
Repayments of Borrowings		(219,221)	(203,782)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) Financing Activities	-	(99,221)	(203,782)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Held		67,323	(986,761)
plus: Cash & Cash Equivalents at beginning of period	11	3,259,832	4,246,593
Cash & Cash Equivalents at end of period	11	3,327,155	3,259,832

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Contents of the Notes accompanying the Financial Statements

Note	Details	Page
1	Significant Accounting Policies	9
2	Income	16
3	Expenses	20
4	Asset Disposal & Fair Value Adjustments	22
	Current Assets	
5a	Cash & Cash Equivalents	23
5b	Trade & Other Receivables	23
5c	Inventories	23
	Non-Current Assets	
6a	Financial Assets	24
6b	Other Non-Current Assets	24
	Fixed Assets	
7a	Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	25
7b	Valuation of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	26
	Liabilities	
8a	Trade & Other Payables	30
8b	Borrowings	30
8c	Provisions	30
	Reserves	
9a	Asset Revaluation Reserve	31
9b	Other Reserves	31
10	Assets Subject to Restrictions	32
11	Reconciliation to Statement of Cashflows	33
12a	Functions	34
12b	Components of Functions	35
13	Financial Instruments	36
14	Commitments for Expenditure	41
15	Financial Indicators	42
16	Uniform Presentation of Finances	44
17	Operating Leases	45
18	Superannuation	46
19a	Interests in Other Entities	47
19b	Controlled Entities	47
20	Non Current Assets Held for Sale & Discontinued Operations	47
21	Contingencies & Assets/Liabilities Not Recognised in the Balance Sheet	48
22	Events After the Balance Sheet Date	49
23	Related Party Transactions	50
	Additional Council Disclosures	
24	Reconciliation of Grants Received	52
25	Material Budget Variations	53
26	Financial Commentary & Review	54
27	Council Information & Contact Details	55

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted by Council in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

1.1 Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards

This general purpose financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as they apply to not-for-profit entities, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Interpretations and relevant South Australian legislation.

The financial report was authorised for issue by certificate under regulation 14 of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations* 2011 dated 15 October 2019.

1.2 Historical Cost Convention

Except as stated below, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention.

1.3 Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in applying Council's accounting policies.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are specifically referred to in the relevant sections of these Notes.

1.4 Rounding

All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

2 The Local Government Reporting Entity

The Flinders Ranges Council is incorporated under the South Australian *Local Government Act 1999* and has its principal place of business at 1 Seventh Street, Quorn SA 5433. These financial statements include the Council's direct operations and all entities through which Council controls resources to carry on its functions. In the process of reporting on the Council as a single unit, all transactions and balances between activity areas and controlled entities have been eliminated.

Trust monies and property held by Council but subject to the control of other persons have been excluded from these reports. A separate statement of moneys held in the Trust Fund is available for inspection at the Council Office by any person free of charge.

3 Income Recognition

Grants Commission funds received in June for the next financial year have been consistently shown as income received in advance in the Financial Reports. Therefore, neither the Financial Reports nor the Budget variances are distorted. AASB 1004 recognition comparatives are shown within the Statements and Notes as applicable (Notes 2 and 8).

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Income is recognised when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising the income, or when the amount due constitutes an enforceable debt, whichever first occurs.

The actual amounts of untied grants received during the reporting periods are disclosed in Note 2.

4 Cash, Cash Equivalents and other Financial Instruments

Cash Assets include all amounts readily convertible to cash on hand at Council's option with an insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables for rates and annual charges are secured over the subject land, and bear interest at rates determined in accordance with the Local Government Act 1999. Other receivables are generally unsecured and do not bear interest.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

All receivables are reviewed as at the reporting date and adequate allowance made for amounts the receipt of which is considered doubtful.

All financial instruments are recognised at fair value at the date of recognition. A detailed statement of the accounting policies applied to financial instruments forms part of Note 13.

5 Inventories

Inventories held in respect of stores have been valued by using the weighted average cost on a continual basis, after adjustment for loss of service potential. Inventories held in respect of business undertakings have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

6 Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment

6.1 Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

All non-current assets purchased or constructed are capitalised as the expenditure is incurred and depreciated as soon as the asset is held "ready for use". Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition, including architects' fees and engineering design fees and all other costs incurred. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead.

6.2 Materiality

Assets with an economic life in excess of one year are only capitalised where the cost of acquisition exceeds materiality thresholds established by Council for each type of asset. In determining (and in periodically reviewing) such thresholds, regard is had to the nature of the asset and its estimated service life. Examples of capitalisation thresholds applied during the year are given below. No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisition of land or interests in land.

\$5,000
\$5,000
\$10,000
\$5,000
\$10,000
\$5,000
\$5,000
\$5,000
\$5,000
\$5,000

These thresholds were last reviewed in July 2018 and are contained with the Council Policy 'Accounting for Assets'.

6.3 Subsequent Recognition

All material asset classes are revalued on a regular basis such that the carrying values are not materially different from fair value. Significant uncertainties exist in the estimation of fair value of a number of asset classes including land, buildings and associated structures and infrastructure. Further detail of these uncertainties, and of existing valuations, methods and valuers are provided at Note 7.

6.4 Depreciation of Non-Current Assets

Other than land, all infrastructure, property, plant and equipment assets recognised are systematically depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis which, in the opinion of Council, best reflects the consumption of the service potential embodied in those assets.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of classes of assets are reviewed periodically.

Major depreciation periods for each class of asset are listed below. Depreciation periods for infrastructure assets have been estimated based on the best information available to Council, but appropriate records covering the entire life cycle of these assets are not available, and extreme care should be used in interpreting financial information based on these estimates.

Plant, Furniture & Equipment

Office Equipment	3 to 15 years
Office Furniture	4 to 15 years
Vehicles and Road-making Equip	2 to 15 years
Other Plant & Equipment	5 to 50 years

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Building & Other Structures

25 to 100 years
25 to 100 years
to 160 years
25 to 100 years
25 to 100 years
5 to 15 years
10 to 20 years

Infrastructure

Sealed Roads – Surface	15 years
Sealed Roads – Structure	120 years
Unsealed Roads Not Depreciated	(Interpretation 1055)
Bridges – Concrete	80 to 100 years
Paving & Footpaths, Kerb & Gutter	20 to 80 years
Drains	80 years
Culverts	60 years
Flood Control Structures	50 to 80 years
Dams and Reservoirs	80 to 100 years
Bores	20 to 40 years
Reticulation Pipes – PVC	50 to 80 years
Reticulation Pipes – other	25 to 75 years
Effluent Lagoons	80 years

Other Assets

Library Books	10 to 15 years
Artworks	indefinite

6.5 Impairment

Assets that are subject to depreciation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount (which is the higher of the present value of future cash inflows or value in use).

For assets whose future economic benefits are not dependent on the ability to generate cash flows, and where the future economic benefits would be replaced if Council were deprived thereof, are not subject to impairment testing.

Where an asset that has been revalued is subsequently impaired, the impairment is first offset against such amount as stands to the credit of that class of assets in Asset Revaluation Reserve, any excess being recognised as an expense.

6.6 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs in relation to qualifying assets (net of offsetting investment revenue) have been capitalised in accordance with AASB 123 "Borrowing Costs". The amounts of borrowing costs recognised as an expense or as part of the carrying amount of qualifying assets are disclosed in Note 3, and the amount (if any) of interest revenue offset against borrowing costs in Note 2.

7 Payables

7.1 Goods & Services

Creditors are amounts due to external parties for the supply of goods and services and are recognised as liabilities when the goods and services are received. Creditors are normally paid 30 days after the month of invoice. No interest is payable on these amounts.

7.2 Payments Received in Advance & Deposits

Amounts other than grants received from external parties in advance of service delivery, and security deposits held against possible damage to Council assets, are recognised as liabilities until the service is delivered or damage reinstated, or the amount is refunded as the case may be.

8 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are carried at their principal amounts which represent the present value of future cash flows associated with servicing the debt. Interest is accrued over the period to which it relates, and is recorded as part of "Payables".

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

9 Employee Benefits

9.1 Salaries, Wages & Compensated Absences

Liabilities for employees' entitlements to salaries, wages and compensated absences expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued at nominal amounts (including payroll based oncosts) measured in accordance with AASB 119.

Liabilities for employee benefits not expected to be paid or settled within 12 months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows (including payroll based oncosts) to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Present values are calculated using government guaranteed securities rates with similar maturity terms.

Council does not make payment for untaken sick leave.

9.2 Superannuation

The Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to the Statewide Superannuation Scheme. The Scheme has two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. No changes in accounting policy have occurred during either the current or previous reporting periods. Details of the accounting policies applied and Council's involvement with the schemes are reported in Note 18.

Council also makes contributions to other superannuation schemes selected by employees under the 'choice of funds' legislation.

10 Provisions for Reinstatement, Restoration and Rehabilitation

Close down and restoration costs include the dismantling and demolition of infrastructure and the removal of residual materials and remediation and rehabilitation of disturbed areas. Estimated close down and restoration costs are provided for in the accounting period when the obligation arising from the related disturbance occurs and are carried at the net present value of estimated future costs.

Although estimated future costs are based on a closure plan, such plans are based on current environmental requirements which may change. Council's policy to maximise recycling is extending the operational life of these facilities, and significant uncertainty exists in the estimation of the future closure date.

11 Leases

Lease arrangements have been accounted for in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 117.

In respect of finance leases, where Council substantially carries all of the risks incident to ownership, the leased items are initially recognised as assets and liabilities equal in amount to the present value of the minimum lease payments. The assets are disclosed within the appropriate asset class and are amortised to expense over the period during which the Council is expected to benefit from the use of the leased assets. Lease payments are allocated between interest expense and reduction of the lease liability, according to the interest rate implicit in the lease.

In respect of operating leases, where the lessor substantially retains all of the risks and benefits incident to ownership of the leased items, lease payments are charged to expense over the lease term.

12 Construction Contracts

Construction works undertaken by Council for third parties are generally on an agency basis where the third party reimburses Council for actual costs incurred, and usually do not extend beyond the reporting period. As there is no profit component, such works are treated as 100% completed. Reimbursements not received are recognised as receivables and reimbursements received in advance are recognised as "payments received in advance".

For works undertaken on a fixed price contract basis, revenues and expenses are recognised on a percentage of completion basis. Costs incurred in advance of a future claimed entitlement are classified as work in progress in inventory. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

13 Equity Accounted Council Businesses

Council participates in cooperative arrangements with other Councils for the provision of services and facilities. Council's interests in cooperative arrangements, which are only recognised if material, are accounted for in accordance with AASB 128.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

14 GST Implications

In accordance with UIG Abstract 1031 "Accounting for the Goods & Services Tax"

- Receivables and Creditors include GST receivable and payable.
- Except in relation to input taxed activities, revenues and operating expenditures exclude GST receivable and payable.
- Non-current assets and capital expenditures include GST net of any recoupment.
- Amounts included in the Statement of Cash Flows are disclosed on a gross basis.

15 New accounting standards and UIG interpretations

In the current year, Council adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current reporting period. The adoption of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in any material changes to Council's accounting policies.

The Flinders Ranges Council has not applied any Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

AASB 7 Financial Instruments - Disclosures and AASB 9 Financial Instruments commenced from 1 July 2018 and have the effect that non-contractual receivables (e.g. rates & charges) are now treated as financial instruments. Although the disclosures made in Note 13 Financial Instruments have changed, there are no changes to the amounts disclosed.

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities, which will commence from 1 July 2019, affect the timing with which revenues, particularly special purpose grants, are recognised. Amounts received in relation to contracts with sufficiently specific performance obligations will in future only be recognised as these obligations are fulfilled.

AASB 16 Leases, which will commence from 1 July 2019, requires that the right of use conveyed by leasing contracts - except leases with a maximum term of 12 months and leases for non-material amounts - be recognised as a form of Infrastructure,

Property, Plant and Equipment, and that the lease liability be disclosed as a liability. At 30 June 2019, Council has no leases to which this treatment will need to be applied.

Some Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective. Those standards have not been applied in these financial statements. Council will implement them when they are effective.

The standards that are expected to have a material impact upon Council's future financial statements are:

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2019

 AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities and AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities.

AASB 1058 clarifies and simplifies the income recognition requirements that apply to not-to-profit (NFP) entities, in conjunction with AASB 15, and AASB 2016-8. These Standards supersede the majority of income recognition requirements relating to public sector NFP entities, previously in AASB 1004 Contributions.

Some grants received by the Council will be recognised as a liability, and subsequently recognised progressively as revenue as the Council satisfies its performance obligations under the grant. This is consistent with Council's present recognition practices.

Grants that are not enforceable and/or not sufficiently specific will not qualify for deferral, and continue to be recognised as revenue as soon as they are controlled. Where Council receives grants from the Federal Government and State Government for which there are no sufficiently specific performance obligations these are expected to continue being recognised as revenue upfront assuming no change to the current grant arrangements.

Depending on the respective contractual terms, the new requirements of AASB 15 may potentially result in a change to the timing of

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

revenue from sales of the Council's goods and services such that some revenue may need to be deferred to a later reporting period to the extent that the Council has received payment but has not met its associated performance obligations (such amounts would be reported as a liability in the meantime).

Prepaid rates will not be recognised as revenue until the relevant rating period starts. Until that time these receipts will be recognised as a liability (unearned revenue). There will be no impact upon the recognition of other fees and charges.

Based on Councils assessment, if Council had adopted the new standards in the current financial year it would have had a minimal and non-material impact given Council's current recognition practices.

It is also noted that a range of new disclosures will also be required by the new standards in respect of the council's revenue.

Transition method

The Council intends to apply AASB 15, AASB 1058 and AASB 2016-8 initially on 1 July 2019, using the modified retrospective approach. The recognition and measurement principles of the standards will be retrospectively applied for the current year and prior year comparatives as though the standards had always applied, consistent with AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

The Council intends to apply the practical expedients available for the full retrospective method. Where revenue has been recognised in full under AASB 1004, prior to 1 July 2019, but where AASB 1058 would have required income to be recognised beyond that date, no adjustment is required. Further, Council is not required to restate income for completed contracts that start and complete within a financial year. This means where income under AASB 1004 was recognised in the comparative financial year (i.e. 2018/19), these also do not require restatement.

 AASB 16 Leases – The Council has assessed the impacts of the new standard that initial application of AASB 16 will have on its consolidated financial statements, however, the actual impacts may differ as the new accounting policies are subject to change until the Council presents its first financial statements that include the date of initial application.

AASB 16 introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognises a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are recognition exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low-value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard – i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases.

It is specifically noted that Council currently has no operating or finance leases and has not done so for a considerable time.

Based on Councils assessment and current practices, it is expected that the first-time adoption of AASB 16 for the year ending 30 June 2020 will have no impact on the financial statements.

It is noted that Council is the leasee of a number of Deed of Grant in Trust leases for which no or little lease payments are made. These have been identified as peppercorn leases which are currently not recognised in Council's financial statements. Council does not intend to elect not to apply the fair value measurement requirements to these leases until such time as this requirement is mandated.

Transition method

The Council intends to apply AASB 16 from 1 July 2019, using the modified retrospective approach. As such, any cumulative effect of adopting AASB 16 will be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at 1 July 2019, with no restatement of comparative information.

The Council intends to apply the practical expedient for the definition of a lease on transition. This means that it will apply AASB 16 on transition only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying AASB 117 Leases and Interpretation 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following list identifies all the new and amended Australian Accounting Standards, and Interpretation, that were issued but not yet effective at the time of compiling these illustrative statements.

The standards expected to have an impact, whether material or non-material, upon Council's future financial statements are:

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

- AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- AASB 16 Leases
- AASB 16 Leases (Appendix D)
- AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities
- AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities Appendix D)
- AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors
- AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors (Appendix D)
- AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities
- AASB 2017-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Transfers of Investment Property, Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle and Other Amendments
- AASB 2017-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
- AASB 2017-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
- AASB 2017-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures

- AASB 2018-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2015–2017 Cycle
- AASB 2018-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
- AASB 2018-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements
- AASB 2018-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Public Sector Licensors
- AASB 2018-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Deferral of AASB 1059

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

- AASB 17 Insurance Contracts
- AASB 17 Insurance Contracts (Appendix D)

16 Comparative Figures

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements and/or the notes.

17 Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 2. Income

\$	Notes	2019	2018
(a). Rates Revenues			
General Rates			
General Rates		1,873,198	1,791,573
Less: Mandatory Rebates		(86,808)	(71,911)
Total General Rates		1,786,390	1,719,662
Other Rates (Including Service Charges)			
Natural Resource Management Levy		44,690	43,512
Waste Collection		229,435	192,900
Community Wastewater Management Systems		243,530	240,720
Total Other Rates		517,655	477,132
Other Charges			
Penalties for Late Payment		25,508	25,254
Total Other Charges	,	25,508	25,254
Less: Discretionary Rebates, Remissions & Write Offs		-	(20)
Total Rates Revenues	,	2,329,553	2,222,028
(b). Statutory Charges			
Development Act Fees		11,299	23,047
Animal Registration Fees & Fines		16,672	22,976
Other Licences, Fees & Fines		2,938	3,146
Total Statutory Charges	ı	31,119	49,170
(c). User Charges			
Cemetery/Crematoria Fees		16,766	24,040
Hall & Equipment Hire		8,616	8,767
Sundry		8,061	2,188
Swimming Pools		36,922	34,830
Community Bus Hire		4,788	5,656
Waste Management		18,573	17,097
Airport Fees		2,099	224
Film Industry Support		1,522	7,068
Marathon Entry Fees		9,838	
Total User Charges		107,185	99,868

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 2. Income (continued)

\$	Notes 2019	2018
(d). Investment Income		
Interest on Investments		
- Local Government Finance Authority	82,954	79,517
- Banks & Other	572	999
- Loans to Community Groups	1,648	1,846
Total Investment Income	<u>85,174</u>	82,362
(e). Reimbursements		
Private Works	4,178	6,108
Shared Services Fees	18,246	11,999
Recreation & Sport - Oval	7,270	10,910
Workers Insurance	-	-
Other	30,603	4,934
Total Reimbursements	60,297	33,951
(f). Other Income		
Insurance & Other Recoupments - Infrastructure, IPP&E	59,163	71,663
Rebates & Incentives Received	39,371	59,164
Sundry	12,728	13,854
Commercial Income	37,748	44,735
Donations	10,710	10,826
Outback Community Authority	21,441	20,938
FRVIC	270,359	266,990
Warren's Gorge	21,092	18,227
NRWMF	11,000	-
Other Total Other Income	909 484,521	506,397
Total Other moome	404,321	300,391
(g). Grants, Subsidies, Contributions		
Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Assets	371,514	1,465,842
Total Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Assets	371,514	1,465,842
Other Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	1,729,443	1,506,006
Sundry	7,500	-
Individually Significant Item - Additional Grants Commission Payment (refer be		149,348
Total Other Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	1,887,076	1,655,354
Total Grants, Subsidies, Contributions	2,258,590	3,121,196

(ga). AASB1004 Recognition - Grants, Subsidies, Contribution

Amounts Received Specifically for New or Upgraded Assets - AASB1004 adjustment	-	(38,882)
Other Grants, Subsidies and Contributions - AASB1004 adjustment	279,275	39,062
Total Grants, Subsidies, Contributions - AASB1004 adjustments	279,275	180
AASB1004 adjusted Total Grants, Subsidies, Contributions	2,537,865	3,121,376
	, ,	
The functions to which these grants relate are shown in Note 12.		
The full custom to which allows grante relate and ellern in thete 12.		
(i) Sources of grants		
Commonwealth Government	2,138,790	3,055,992
State Government	116,801	65,204
Other	2,999	-
Total	2,258,590	3,121,196
AASB1004 adjusted Sources of grants		
Commonwealth Government	2,418,065	3,075,054
State Government	116,801	46,322
Other	3,000	-
Total	2,537,866	3,121,376

^{*}In accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 1004, not for profit entities must recognise a contribution immediately as revenue when it has control or the right to receive the contribution.

For this reason, the first instalment of the 2019-2020 Financial Assistance Grants, which was receipted by the Council in June 2019, must be recognised as revenue in the 2019-2020 financial year, and other Commonwealth grants received but not expended during 2019-2020 must be recorded as revenue in the 2019-2020 financial year. The impact of these adjustments is illustrated above.

As a result of the above, the Council's operating surplus / (deficit) and total comprehensive income have been restated on the Statement of Comprehensive Income. See also Note 8 (aa).

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 2. Income (continued)

\$	Notes	2019	2018
(h). Conditions over Grants & Contributions			
Grants and contributions which were obtained on the condition that they be expended for specified purposes or in a future period, but which are not yet expended in accordance with those conditions, are as follows:			
Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period		219,708	465,089
Less: Expended during the current period from revenues			
recognised in previous reporting periods			(000,000)
Roads Infrastructure		(50.070)	(390,230)
Heritage & Cultural Services		(59,270)	(67,500)
Sporting & Recreation Services Subtotal		(160,438) (219,708)	(7,359) (465,089)
		(=10,100)	(100,000)
Plus:			
Amounts recognised as revenues in this reporting			
period but not yet expended in accordance with the conditions			
Heritage & Cultural Services		7,546	59,270
Sporting & Recreation Services		-	160,438
Medical Workforce		20,000	_
Subtotal		27,546	219,708
Unexpended at the close of this reporting period	-	27,546	219,708
Net increase (decrease) in assets subject to conditions			
in the current reporting period	_	(192,162)	(245,381)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 3. Expenses

\$	Notes	2019	2018
(a). Employee Costs			
Salaries and Wages		1,266,302	1,257,653
Employee Leave Expense		101,317	143,967
Superannuation - Defined Contribution Plan Contributions	18	113,721	111,678
Workers' Compensation Payments		, -	10,557
Less: Capitalised and Distributed Costs		(8,459)	(3,808)
Total Operating Employee Costs		1,472,881	1,520,048
Total Number of Employees (full time equivalent at end of reporting period)		19	19
(b). Materials, Contracts and Other Expenses			
(i) Prescribed Expenses			
Auditor's Remuneration			
- Auditing the Financial Reports		23,190	27,307
Elected Members' Expenses		91,333	78,178
Election Expenses	_	13,009	9,438
Subtotal - Prescribed Expenses		127,532	114,923
(ii) Other Materials, Contracts and Expenses			
Contractors		1,015,530	988,686
Energy - Fuel & Power		77,581	96,137
Plant and Equipment Capital Purchases		308,078	506,697
Legal Expenses		11,020	13,623
Levies Paid to Government - NRM levy		44,412	43,452
Levies - Other		4,613	4,036
Parts, Accessories & Consumables		40,533	40,314
Professional Services		27,824	20,141
Sundry		439,361	322,444
Waste Management		221,126	245,851
Insurance		177,371	87,588
Vehicle Maintenance		53,274	125,305
FBT		21,971	11,831
FRVIC		305,120	190,338
Workers Compensation Insurance		60,002	63,346
LG Systems Contract		44,250	55,650
Rubble / Crushed Rock		810	(42,887)
Infrastructure Construction & Maintenance		1,150,066	1,201,591
CWMS		73,568	7,770
Building Upgrades		87,110	156,982
Water		71,661	76,844
Less: Capitalised and Distributed Costs	_	(1,521,206)	(1,878,034)
Subtotal - Other Material, Contracts & Expenses		2,714,075	2,337,706
Total Materials, Contracts and Other Expenses	_	2,841,607	2,452,630

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 3. Expenses (continued)

\$	Notes	2019	2018
(c). Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment			
(i) Depreciation and Amortisation			
Buildings		743,312	771,532
Infrastructure		520,285	505,022
CWMS		72,354	72,354
Plant & Equipment		140,924	149,451
Furniture & Fittings	_	34,185	25,383
Total Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment		1,511,060	1,523,742
(d). Finance Costs			
Interest on Loans		65,510	72,107
Total Finance Costs		65,510	72,107

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 4. Asset Disposal & Fair Value Adjustments

\$	Notes	2019	2018
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment			
(i) Assets Renewed or Directly Replaced			
Proceeds from Disposal		114,864	115,182
Less: Carrying Amount of Assets Sold		(69,822)	(92,286)
Gain (Loss) on Disposal		45,042	22,896
Net Gain (Loss) on Disposal or Revaluation of Assets		45,042	22,896

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 5. Current Assets

\$	Notes	2019	2018
(a). Cash & Cash Equivalents			
Cash on Hand at Bank Deposits at Call Short Term Deposits & Bills, etc. Total Cash & Cash Equivalents	-	18,082 309,073 3,000,000 3,327,155	33,291 401,442 2,825,099 3,259,832
(b). Trade & Other Receivables			
Rates - General & Other Accrued Interest Debtors - General Prepayments Loans to Community Organisations Accrued Income - ATO Accrued Income - NRWMF Grants Total Trade & Other Receivables	-	357,554 18,099 99,690 4,758 4,747 4,272 134,562 623,682	341,076 3,006 55,670 - 4,542 66,103 - 470,397
(c). Inventories			
Stores & Materials Trading Stock Total Inventories	_	312,990 42,823 355,813	474,604 28,920 503,524

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 6. Non-Current Assets

Notes	2019	2018
	30,193	34,939
	30,193	34,939
_		
	30,193	34,939
_	305,613	521,394
_	305,613	521,394
	Notes	30,193 30,193 30,193

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 7a (i). Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment

							Asset Mo	vements duri	ng the Reportii	ng Period					
				as at 30/6/2018	1		Asset A	dditions				as at 30/6/2019			
	Fair Value	At	At	Accun	nulated	Carrying	New / Upgrade	Renewals	WDV of Asset Disposals	Depreciation Expense (Note 3c)	At	At	Accun	nulated	Carrying
\$	Level	Fair Value	Cost	Dep'n	Impairment	Value					Fair Value	Cost	Dep'n	Impairment	Value
Land	2	1,641,465	-	-	-	1,641,465	-	-	-	-	1,641,465	-	-	-	1,641,465
Land	3	1,207,899	-	-	-	1,207,899	-	-	-	-	1,207,899	-	-	-	1,207,899
Buildings	3	28,673,188	156,982	16,191,924	-	12,638,246	482,968	-	-	(743,312)	28,673,188	639,947	16,935,236	_	12,377,899
Infrastructure	3	39,187,037	1,201,591	7,143,599	-	33,245,029	613,456	-	-	(520,285)	39,187,037	1,815,048	7,663,884	_	33,338,201
CWMS	3	4,124,928	-	1,448,141	-	2,676,787	-	-	-	(72,354)	4,124,928	-	1,520,495	-	2,604,433
Plant & Equipment	3	2,560,955	414,332	1,486,079	-	1,489,208	37,127	270,951	(69,822)	(140,924)	2,320,155	722,410	1,456,025	_	1,586,540
Furniture & Fittings	3	242,500	105,129	118,670	-	228,959	125,165	-		(34,185)	242,500	230,294	152,855	_	319,939
Total Infrastructure, Property,															
Plant & Equipment		77,637,972	1,878,034	26,388,413	-	53,127,592	1,258,718	270,951	(69,822)	(1,511,060)	77,397,172	3,407,699	27,728,495	-	53,076,375
Comparatives		78,011,999	-	25,146,413	-	52,865,586	1,530,939	347,095	(92,286)	(1,523,742)	77,637,972	1,878,034	26,388,413	-	53,127,592

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 7b. Valuation of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment & Investment Property

\$

Valuation of Assets

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various Accounting Standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a "level" in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- **Level 1:** Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- **Level 2:** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Refer to Note 7a for the disclosure of the Fair Value Levels of Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment Assets.

Information on Valuations

Upon revaluation, the current new replacement cost and accumulated depreciation are restated such that the difference represents the fair value of the asset determined in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: accumulated depreciation is taken to be the difference between current new replacement cost and fair value. In the case of land, current replacement cost is taken to be the fair value.

Certain land, and the buildings and structures thereon, are shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 2 valuation inputs. They are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, with directly or indirectly observable adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset.

Valuations of Crown land, community land and land subject to other restrictions on use or disposal, shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 3 valuation inputs, are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, but include adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset that are not directly or indirectly observable in that market, or the number and / or amount of observable adjustments of which are so great that the valuation is more fairly described as being based on level 3 valuation inputs.

There is no known market for buildings, infrastructure and other assets. These assets are valued at depreciated current replacement cost. This method involves:

- The determination of the cost to construct the asset (or its modern engineering equivalent) using current prices for materials and labour, the quantities of each being estimated based on recent experience of this or similar Councils, or on industry construction guides where these are more appropriate.
- The calculation of the depreciation that would have accumulated since original construction using current estimates of residual value and useful life under the prime cost depreciation method adopted by Council.

This method has significant inherent uncertainties, relying on estimates of quantities of materials and labour, residual values and useful lives, and the possibility of changes in prices for materials and labour, and the potential for development of more efficient construction techniques.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 7b. Valuation of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment & Investment Property (continued)

\$

Valuation of Assets (continued)

Other Information

At 1 July 2004 upon the transition to AIFRS, Council elected pursuant to AASB 1.D5 to retain a previously established deemed cost under GAAP as its deemed cost. With subsequent addition at cost, this remains as the basis of recognition of non-material asset classes.

Upon revaluation, the current new replacement cost and accumulated depreciation are re-stated such that the difference represents the fair value of the asset deter-mined in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement: accumulated depreciation is taken to be the difference between current new replacement cost and fair value. In the case of land, current replacement cost is taken to be the fair value.

Highest and best use

The following non financial assets of Council are being utilised at other than their highest and best use:

For land which Council has an unfettered right to sell, the "highest and best use" recognises the possibility of the demolition or substantial modification of some or all of the existing buildings and structures affixed to the land.

Much of the land under Council's care and control is Crown land or has been declared as community land under the provisions of the Local Government Act 1999. Other types of restrictions also exist.

For land subject to these restrictions, the highest and best use is taken to be the "highest and best use" available to Council, with a rebuttable presumption that the current use is the "highest and best use". The reason for the current use of a large proportion of Council's assets being other than the "highest and best use" relates to Council's principal role as the provider of services to the community, rather than the use of those assets for the generation of revenue.

For buildings and other structures on and in the land, including infrastructure, "highest and best use" is determined in accordance with the land on and in which they are situated.

Transition to AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement

The requirements of AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement have been applied to all valuations undertaken since 1 July 2013 as shown by the valuation dates by individual asset classes below.

Certain land, and the buildings and structures thereon, are shown above as being based on fair value hierarchy level 2 valuation inputs. They are based on prices for similar assets in an active market, with directly or indirectly observable adjustments for specific advantages or disadvantages attaching to the particular asset.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 7b. Valuation of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment & Investment Property (continued)

\$

Valuation of Assets (continued)

Infrastructure

- Basis of valuation: Depreciated (Written Down) Current Replacement Cost
- Date of valuation: 30 June 2017
- Valuer: Mr Graham L Martin, B.Bus (Prop), Certified Practicing Valuer, Senior Valuer, Maloney Field Services

Transportation assets were valued by Maloney's at written down current replacement cost during the reporting period ended 30 June 2017. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

Stormwater drainage infrastructure was valued by Maloney's as at 30 June 2017 at written down current replacement cost. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

The next scheduled revaluation of this class of assets will be during the 2021 / 2022 financial year.

Community Wastewater Management Systems

- Basis of valuation: Depreciated (Written Down) Current Replacement Cost
- Date of valuation: 30 June 2017
- Valuer: Mr Graham L Martin, B.Bus (Prop), Certified Practicing Valuer, Senior Valuer, Maloney Field Services

Community wastewater management system infrastructure was valued by Maloney's at written down current replacement cost during the reporting period ended 30 June 2017. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

The next scheduled revaluation of this class of assets will be during the 2021 / 2022 financial year.

Plant & Equipment

- Basis of valuation: Depreciated (Written Down) Current Replacement Cost
- Date of valuation: 30 June 2017
- Valuer: Mr Graham L Martin, B.Bus (Prop), Certified Practicing Valuer, Senior Valuer, Maloney Field Services

Plant & equipment assets were valued by Maloney's at written down current replacement cost during the reporting period ended 30 June 2017. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

The next scheduled revaluation of this class of assets will be during the 2021 / 2022 financial year.

Furniture & Fittings

- Basis of valuation: Depreciated (Written Down) Current Replacement Cost
- Date of valuation: 30 June 2017
- Valuer: Mr Graham L Martin, B.Bus (Prop), Certified Practicing Valuer, Senior Valuer, Maloney Field Services

Furniture & fittings were valued by Maloney's at written down current replacement cost during the reporting period ended 30 June 2017. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

The next scheduled revaluation of this class of assets will be during the 2021 / 2022 financial year.

Note 7b. Valuation of Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment & Investment Property (continued)

\$

Valuation of Assets (continued)

Land, Land Improvements, Buildings & Other Structures

- Basis of valuation: Depreciated (Written Down) Current Replacement Cost
- Date of valuation: 30 June 2017
- Valuer: Mr Graham L Martin, B.Bus (Prop), Certified Practicing Valuer, Senior Valuer, Maloney Field Services

Council being of the opinion that it is not possible to attribute a value sufficiently reliably to qualify for recognition, land under roads has not been recognised in these reports. Land acquired for road purposes during the year is initially recognised at cost, but transferred to fair value at reporting date, effectively writing off the expenditure.

Pursuant to Council's election, freehold land and land over which Council has control, but does not have title, is recognised at written down current replacement cost, deriving from a valuation at 30 June 2017 by Maloney's. Additions are recognised at cost. No capitalisation threshold is applied to the acquisition of land or interests in land. Land improvements, including bulk earthworks with an assessed unlimited useful life, are recognised on the written down current replacement cost basis, deriving from a valuation at 30 June 2017 by Maloney's. Additions are recognised at cost.

Estimated future costs of reinstatement of land, capitalised in accordance with AASB 116.16(c), are reviewed annually (see Note 1) and depreciated over the estimated remaining life of the relevant asset.

Pursuant to Council's election, buildings and other structures are recognised on the written down current replacement cost basis, deriving from the valuation at 30 June 2017 by Maloney's. Additions are recognised at cost.

The next scheduled revaluation of this class of assets will be during the 2021 / 2022 financial year.

Minor Plant

- Basis of valuation: Depreciated (Written Down) Current Replacement Cost
- Date of valuation: 30 June 2017
- Valuer: Mr Graham L Martin, B.Bus (Prop), Certified Practicing Valuer, Senior Valuer, Maloney Field Services

Minor plant assets were valued by Maloney's at written down current replacement cost during the reporting period ended 30 June 2017. All acquisitions made after the respective dates of valuation are recorded at cost.

The next scheduled revaluation of this class of assets will be during the 2021 / 2022 financial year.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 8. Liabilities

Other

Total Provisions

		2019	2019	2018	2018
\$	Notes	Current	Non Current	Current	Non Curren
(a). Trade and Other Payables					
Goods & Services		409,930	-	104,806	
Payments Received in Advance		1,065,951	-	806,676	
Accrued Expenses - Employee Entitlements		40,081	-	34,074	
Accrued Expenses - Finance Costs		18,456	-	19,780	•
Accrued Expenses - Other		39,441	-	27,182	-
Sec 184 Proceeds Held in Trust	_	42,481			
Total Trade and Other Payables	-	1,616,340		992,518	
(aa). AASB 1004 Recognition - Trade a	nd Othe	er Payables			
Payments Received in Advance - AASB1004 adju	stment				
FAGs Received in Advance		(279,275)		(19,062)	
Other Grants Received in Advance (CCTV)		-		38,882	
Other Grants Received in Advance (PRRPS)	_	-		(20,000)	
Total AASB1004 Adjustments		(279,275)		(180)	
AASB 1004 Adjusted Trade & Other	_	1,337,065		992,338	
The above restatement of Trade and Other Payak had AASB 1004 been applied.	oles has b	een prepared to	demonstrate the e	effect on the finar	ncials
(b). Borrowings					
Loans Other		869,356	134,730	214,155	889,151
Total Borrowings	_	869,356	134,730	214,155	889,151
All interest bearing liabilities are secured over the future revenues of the Council					
(c). Provisions					
Employee Entitlements (including oncosts)		399,836	29,917	424,853	33,048
Future Reinstatement / Restoration, etc		431,212	-	431,212	
Unspent Grants		27,546	-	219,708	
Other				13 563	

33,048

13,563

1,089,336

29,917

858,594

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 9. Reserves

\$	1/7/2018	Increments (Decrements)	Transfers	Impairments	30/6/2019
(a). Asset Revaluation Reserve					
Buildings	10,593,820	-	-	_	10,593,820
Infrastructure	15,739,843	-	-	-	15,739,843
CWMS	816,063	-	-	-	816,063
Plant & Equipment	(106,236)	-	-	-	(106,236)
Furniture & Fittings	36,278	-	-	-	36,278
Minor Plant	15,926	-	-	-	15,926
Other Assets	8,669,014	-	-	-	8,669,014
Total Asset Revaluation Reserve	35,764,708	-	-	-	35,764,708
Comparatives	35,764,708	-	-	-	35,764,708
\$	1/7/2018	Tfrs to Reserve	Tfrs from Reserve	Other Movements	30/6/2019
(b). Other Reserves					
NRM Levy	1,474	278	-	-	1,752
Land & Buildings	120,000	2,493	-	-	122,493
Plant Replacement	50,000	1,039	-	-	51,039
Other	1,200,115	74,934	(150,521)	-	1,124,528
Garbage Service Charge	144,243	8,236	-	-	152,479
Stormwater Dams	2,000	42	-	-	2,042
Hawker Swimming Pool	-	-	-	-	-
Legal Costs	5,000	20,104	-	-	25,104
Community Trust Funds	33,267	24,312	(22,690)	-	34,889
Quorn Swimming Pool	-	-	-	-	-
Hawker CWMS Service Charge	246,950	27,018	-	-	273,968
Quorn CWMS Service Charge	1,029,081	-	(37,208)	-	991,873
Airstrips	-	-	-	-	-
Roads	150,000	3,117	(153,117)	-	0
Community Buses	50,000	1,039	-	-	51,039
Sec 184 Proceeds	-	42,481	-	-	42,481
	-	-	-	-	-
Other Reserves Total Other Reserves	3,032,130	205,093	(363,536)	-	2,873,687

PURPOSES OF RESERVES

Asset Revaluation Reserves

The asset revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements arising from changes in fair value of non current assets (less any subsequent impairment losses, where applicable).

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 10. Assets Subject to Restrictions

are required to be utilised for the purposes for which control was transferred to Council, or for which the revenues were originally obtained. Cash & Financial Assets CWMS Annual Service Charge C	\$	Notes	2019	2018
by legislation or other externally imposed requirements. The assets are required to be utilised for the purposes for which control was transferred to Council, or for which the revenues were originally obtained. Cash & Financial Assets CWMS Annual Service Charge 1,265,841 1,276,031 Garbage Annual Service Charge 152,479 144,244 NRM Levy 1,752 1,474 Unexpended Grant funds 27,546 219,708 Employee Entitlements 429,753 457,900 Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance:	The uses of the following assets are restricted, wholly or partially,			
transferred to Council, or for which the revenues were originally obtained. Cash & Financial Assets CWMS Annual Service Charge CMMS Annual	by legislation or other externally imposed requirements. The assets			
Cash & Financial Assets CWMS Annual Service Charge 1,265,841 1,276,031 Garbage Annual Service Charge 152,479 144,244 NRM Levy 1,752 1,474 Unexpended Grant funds 27,546 219,708 Employee Entitlements 429,753 457,900 Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: 457,299 677,608	are required to be utilised for the purposes for which control was			
CWMS Annual Service Charge 1,265,841 1,276,031 Garbage Annual Service Charge 152,479 144,244 NRM Levy 1,752 1,474 Unexpended Grant funds 27,546 219,708 Employee Entitlements 429,753 457,900 Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: 457,299 677,608	transferred to Council, or for which the revenues were originally obtained.			
Garbage Annual Service Charge 152,479 144,244 NRM Levy 1,752 1,474 Unexpended Grant funds 27,546 219,708 Employee Entitlements 429,753 457,900 Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: 8 457,299 677,608	Cash & Financial Assets			
NRM Levy 1,752 1,474 Unexpended Grant funds 27,546 219,708 Employee Entitlements 429,753 457,900 Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: 457,299 677,608	CWMS Annual Service Charge		1,265,841	1,276,031
Unexpended Grant funds Employee Entitlements Total Cash & Financial Assets Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: Provisions 27,546 219,708 429,753 457,900 1,877,371 2,099,357	Garbage Annual Service Charge		152,479	144,244
Employee Entitlements 429,753 457,900 Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: Provisions 8 457,299 677,608	NRM Levy		1,752	1,474
Total Cash & Financial Assets 1,877,371 2,099,357 Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: Provisions 8 457,299 677,608	Unexpended Grant funds		27,546	219,708
Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions 1,877,371 2,099,357 The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: Provisions 8 457,299 677,608	Employee Entitlements		429,753	457,900
The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance: Provisions 8 457,299 677,608	Total Cash & Financial Assets	-	1,877,371	2,099,357
Provisions 8 457,299 677,608	Total Assets Subject to Externally Imposed Restrictions	_ :	1,877,371	2,099,357
,	The following liabilities, included in Note 8, may be discharged from restricted assets in the first instance:			
Total 457,299 677,608	Provisions	8	457,299	677,608
	Total		457,299	677,608

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 11. Reconciliation to Statement of Cash Flows

\$	Notes	2019	2018
(a). Reconciliation of Cash			
Cash Assets comprise highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity subject to insignificant risk of changes of value. Cash at the end of the reporting period as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:			
Total Cash & Equivalent Assets	5 _	3,327,155	3,259,832
Balances per Statement of Cash Flows	-	3,327,155	3,259,832
(b). Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Cash from Operating Activities			
Net Surplus/(Deficit)		(489,577)	569,342
Non-Cash Items in Income Statements			
Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment		1,511,060	1,523,742
Grants for Capital Acquisitions (Treated as Investing Activity Receipts)		(371,514)	(1,465,842)
Net (Gain) Loss on Disposals	_	(45,042)	(22,896)
		604,927	604,346
Add (Less): Changes in Net Current Assets			
Net (Increase)/Decrease in Receivables		(153,080)	2,269
Net (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories		147,711	(59,987)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables		623,823	(259,224)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Unpaid Employee Benefits		(28,148)	(14,224)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Other Provisions		(205,724)	(242,103)
Net Cash provided by (or used in) operations		989,508	31,077
(c). Financing Arrangements			
Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:			
Bank Overdrafts		100,000	100,000
Corporate Credit Cards		11,000	11,000
LGFA Cash Advance Debenture Facility		1,000,000	1,000,000
LOT A Guari Auvariou Deporture i dollity		1,000,000	1,000,000

The bank overdraft facilities may be drawn at any time and may be terminated by the bank without notice. Council also has immediate access to a short-term draw-down facility, and variable interest rate borrowings under a cash advance facility, both from the Local Government Finance Authority of South Australia.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 12a. Functions

	Income, Expenses and Assets have been directly attributed to the following Functions / Activities. Details of these Functions/Activities are provided in Note 12(b).									
Functions/Activities	INCOME EXPEN		EXPENSES OPERATING SURPLUS (DEFICIT)			GRANTS INCLUDED IN INCOME		TOTAL ASSETS HELD (CURRENT & NON-CURRENT)		
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
\$	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Administration	3,137,656	3,067,306	60,281	317,278	3,077,375	2,750,029	1,168,129	1,181,629	(0)	0
Public Order & Health	955	23,278	34,850	89,431	(33,896)	(66,153)	3,000	24,500	-	-
Social Security & Welfare	24,735	7,934	31,566	30,565	(6,831)	(22,631)	14,700	-	-	-
Community Amenities	507,944	474,756	1,110,244	945,340	(602,300)	(470,584)	-	-	-	-
Recreation & Culture	194,964	118,137	1,590,292	1,629,015	(1,395,328)	(1,510,879)	92,944	1,111	-	-
Agricultural Services	47,943	43,512	44,412	47,174	3,531	(3,662)	-	-	-	-
Regulatory Services	33,554	51,212	166,244	138,723	(132,690)	(87,511)	-	-	-	-
Transport & Communication	461,675	448,114	1,417,800	1,374,770	(956,125)	(926,656)	461,675	448,114	-	-
Economic Development	425,208	275,703	820,138	537,018	(394,930)	(261,315)	136,695	-	-	-
Not Elsewhere Classified	150,291	139,177	215,777	191,896	(65,486)	(52,719)	9,934	-	-	-
Works Overheads			399,452	267,316	(399,452)	(267,316)				
Other Functions/Activities		-		-	-	-	-	-	57,718,831	57,917,679
Total Functions/Activities	4,984,925	4,649,130	5,891,058	5,568,526	(906,133)	(919,396)	1,887,076	1,655,354	57,718,831	57,917,679

Revenues and expenses exclude net gain (loss) on disposal or revaluation of assets, amounts received specifically for new or upgraded assets and physical resources received free of charge.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 12b. Components of Functions

\$

The activities relating to Council functions are as follows:

COUNCIL ADMINISTRATION

Governance, Administration NEC., Elected Members, Organisational, Support Services, Accounting/Finance, Payroll, Human Resources, Information Technology, Communication, Rates Administration, Records, Occupancy, Contract Management, Customer Service, Other Support Services, Revenues, LGGC – General Purpose, and Separate and Special Rates.

PUBLIC ORDER & HEALTH

Immunisation, Fire Protection, Vandalism, ESL, SES/CFS support

SOCIAL SECURITY & WELFARE

Northern Passenger Transport Scheme, Youth Advisory Council, Youth programs, Community Buses, Aged Homes support, Hospitals support, Community support programs

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Waste collection and disposal, Cemeteries/Crematoria, Public Conveniences, Street Cleaning, Heritage Advisor, CWMS

RECREATION & CULTURE

Parks and Gardens, Sports Facilities – Outdoor, Swimming Centres – Outdoor, and Other Recreation. Library Services, Cultural Services, Cultural Services, Heritage, Museums and Art Galleries, and Other Cultural Services, Civic & Community Halls

AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

NRM Levy, Corella Control, Animal & Pest Plant expenditure

REGULATORY SERVICES

Dog and Cat Control, Building Control, Town Planning, Clean Air/Pollution Control, Litter Control, Health Inspection, Parking Control, and Other Regulatory Services.

TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATION

Footpaths and Kerbing, Roads – sealed, Roads – formed, Roads – natural formed, Roads – unformed, Traffic Management, LGGC – roads (formula funded), Drainage, Signs, Guide Posts, Line Marking

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Employment Creation Programs, Regional Development, Support to Local Businesses, Tourism, Other Economic Development, VIC, Art & Craft Shop

NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED (NEC)

Airstrips, Shared Services, Advertising Signs, Private Works, Interest, Natural Disaster Mitigation

WORKS - INDIRECT

Depots, Machinery Maintenance & Operating Costs, Minor Plant, WHS, Signage, Training,

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 13. Financial Instruments

Recognised Financial Instruments

Bank, Deposits at Call, Short Term Deposits Accounting Policy:

Carried at lower of cost and net realisable value; Interest is recognised when earned.

Terms & Conditions:

Deposits are returning fixed interest rates between 1.25% and 2.47% (2018: 1.5% and 2.4%). Short term deposits have an average maturity of 82 days and an average interest rate of 1.7% (2018: 9 days and 1.75%).

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value due to the short term to maturity.

Receivables

Rates & Associated Charges

(including legals & penalties for late payment)

Note: These receivables do not meet the definition of "financial instruments" and have been excluded from the following disclosures.

Accounting Policy:

Carried at nominal values less any allowance for doubtful debts. An allowance for doubtful debts is recognised (and re-assessed annually) when collection in full is no longer probable.

Terms & Conditions:

Secured over the subject land, arrears attract interest of 0.5500% (2018: 0.56250%). Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries in the State.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

Accounting Policy:

Carried at nominal values less any allowance for doubtful debts. An allowance for doubtful debts is recognised (and re-assessed annually) when collection in full is no longer probable.

Terms & Conditions:

Unsecured, and do not bear interest. Council is not materially exposed to any individual debtor, credit risk exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

Receivables

Fees & Other Charges

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

\$

Recognised Financial Instruments

Receivables

Other Levels of Government

Receivables

Retirement Home Contributions

Liabilities

Creditors and Accruals

Accounting Policy:

Carried at nominal value.

Terms & Conditions:

Amounts due have been calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the respective programs following advice of approvals, and do not bear interest. All amounts are due by Departments and Agencies of State and Federal Governments.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Accounting Policy:

Carried at nominal values less any allowance for doubtful debts. An allowance for doubtful debts is recognised (and re-assessed annually) when collection in full is no longer probable.

Terms & Conditions:

Amounts due have been calculated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the respective legislation.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value (after deduction of any allowance).

Accounting Policy:

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Council.

Terms & Conditions:

Liabilities are normally settled on 30 day terms.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

\$

Recognised Financial Instruments

Liabilities

Retirement Home Contributions

Liabilities

Interest Bearing Borrowings

Liabilities

Finance Leases

Accounting Policy:

To avoid inconvenience when complying with the separate audit requirements imposed by the relevant legislation, amounts are carried at nominal values.

Terms & Conditions:

Pursuant to Commonwealth legislation certain intending residents are required to contribute amounts on an interest free basis. The amounts are subject to certain deductions as prescribed by the legislation, the balance being repaid on termination of tenancy.

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value for short tenancies; may be non-materially overstated for longer tenancies.

Accounting Policy:

Carried at the principal amounts. Interest is charged as an expense as it accrues.

Terms & Conditions:

Secured over future revenues, borrowings are repayable; interest is charged at fixed or variable rates between **3.49**% and **6.65**% (2018: 4.45% and 6.65%).

Carrying Amount:

Approximates fair value.

Accounting Policy:

Accounted for in accordance with AASB 117.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

	Due	Due > 1 year	Due	Total Contractual	Carrying
\$	< 1 year	& ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Cash Flows	Values
2019					
Financial Assets					
Cash & Equivalents	3,327,155	-	-	3,327,155	3,327,155
Receivables	261,369	21,221	8,972	291,562	291,562
Total Financial Assets	3,588,524	21,221	8,972	3,618,717	3,618,717
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	550,389	-	-	550,389	550,389
Current Borrowings	869,356	-	-	869,356	869,356
Non-Current Borrowings	, -	66,603	68,127	134,730	134,730
Total Financial Liabilities	1,419,745	66,603	68,127	1,554,475	1,554,475
	Due	Due > 1 year	Due	Total Contractual	Carrying
\$	< 1 year	& ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Cash Flows	Values
2018					
Financial Assets					
Cash & Equivalents	3,259,832	-	-	3,259,832	3,259,832
Receivables	129,322	20,307	14,632	164,261	164,261
Total Financial Assets	3,389,154	20,307	14,632	3,424,093	3,424,093
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	185,842	-	-	185,842	185,842
Current Borrowings	214,155	-	-	214,155	214,155
Non-Current Borrowings	-	874,519	14,632	889,151	889,151
Total Financial Liabilities	399,997	874,519	14,632	1,289,148	1,289,148
T I 6 II					
The following interest rates wer	• •		ne 2019		ie 2018
to Council's Borrowings at bala	nce date:	Weighted Avg	Carryin		Carrying
F: 11.4 (D.4		Interest Rate	Valu		Value
Fixed Interest Rates		6.04%	1,004,086		1,103,306
			1,004,086		1,103,306

Net Fair Value

All carrying values approximate fair value for all recognised financial instruments. There is no recognised market for the financial assets of the Council.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 13. Financial Instruments (continued)

9

Risk Exposures

<u>Credit Risk</u> represents the loss that would be recognised if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The maximum credit risk on financial assets of the Council is the carrying amount, net of any allowance for doubtful debts. All Council investments are made with the SA Local Government Finance Authority and are guaranteed by the SA Government. Except as detailed in Notes 5 & 6 in relation to individual classes of receivables, exposure is concentrated within the Council's boundaries, and there is no material exposure to any individual debtor.

<u>Market Risk</u> is the risk that fair values of financial assets will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. All of Council's financial assets are denominated in Australian dollars and are not traded on any market, and hence neither market risk nor <u>currency risk</u> apply.

<u>Liquidity Risk</u> is the risk that Council will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations with financial liabilities.

In accordance with the model Treasury Mangement Policy (LGA Information Paper 15), liabilities have a range of maturity dates. Council also has available a range of bank overdraft and standby borrowing facilities that it can access.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Council has a balance of both fixed and variable interest rate borrowings and investments. Cash flow fluctuations are managed holistically in seeking to minimise interest costs over the longer term in a risk averse manner.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 14. Commitments for Expenditure

\$	Notes	2019	2018
Other Expenditure Commitments			
Other expenditure committed for (excluding inventories) at the redate but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:	eporting		
Audit Services		20,201	39,846
Employee Remuneration Contracts		1,006,131 1,026,332	1,292,354 1,332,200
These expenditures are payable:			
Not later than one year		388,832	391,100
Later than one year and not later than 5 years		637,500	941,100
Later than 5 years		-	-
	_	1,026,332	1,332,200

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

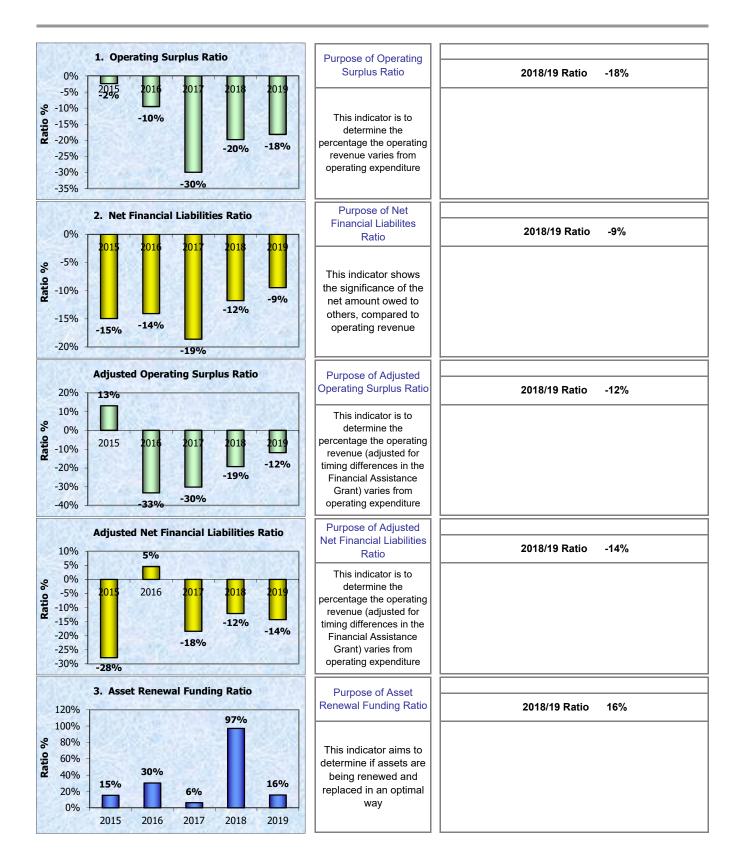
Note 15. Financial Indicators

capital expenditure on the acquisition of additional assets.

	Amounts	Indicator	Prior Periods	
\$	2019	2019	2018	2017
These Financial Indicators have been calculated in accordance with				
Information paper 9 - Local Government Financial Indicators prepared as				
part of the LGA Financial Sustainability Program for the Local Government Association of South Australia.				
ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.				
1. Operating Surplus Ratio				
Operating Surplus	(906,133)	(400()	(000/)	(0.00())
Total Operating Income	4,984,925	(18%)	(20%)	(30%)
This ratio expresses the operating surplus as a percentage of total				
operating revenue.				
opolating revenue.				
2. Net Financial Liabilities Ratio				
Net Financial Liabilities	(472,092)	(00/)	(12%)	(10%)
Total Operating Income	4,984,925	(9%)	(1270)	(19%)
Net Financial Liabilities are defined as total liabilities less financial assets				
(excluding equity accounted investments in Council businesses). These are				
expressed as a percentage of total operating revenue.				
Adjustments to Ratios				
In recent years the Federal Government has made advance payments prior				
to 30th June from future year allocations of financial assistance grants, as				
explained in Note 1. These Adjusted Ratios correct for the resulting distortion				
in key ratios for each year and provide a more accurate basis for comparison.				
Adjusted Operating Surplus Ratio		(12%)	(19%)	(30%)
Adjusted Net Financial Liabilities Ratio		(14%)	(12%)	(18%)
3. Asset Renewal Funding Ratio				
Net Asset Renewals	156,087	16%	97%	6%
Infrastructure & Asset Management Plan required expenditure	995,000	1070	51 70	J 70
Net asset renewals expenditure is defined as net capital expenditure on				
the renewal and replacement of existing assets, and excludes new				

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 15. Financial Indicators - Graphs (continued)



Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 16. Uniform Presentation of Finances

\$ 2019	2018

The following is a high level summary of both operating and capital investment activities of the Council prepared on a simplified Uniform Presentation Framework basis.

All Councils in South Australia have agreed to summarise annual budgets and long-term financial plans on the same basis.

The arrangements ensure that all Councils provide a common 'core' of financial information, which enables meaningful comparisons of each Council's finances.

Income	4,984,925	4,649,130
less Expenses	(5,891,058)	(5,568,526)
Operating Surplus / (Deficit)	(906,133)	(919,397)
Net Outlays on Existing Assets		
Capital Expenditure on Renewal and Replacement of Existing Assets	(270,951)	(868,488)
add back Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	1,511,060	1,523,742
add back Proceeds from Sale of Replaced Assets	114,864	115,182
Subtotal	1,354,973	770,435
Net Outlays on New and Upgraded Assets		
Capital Expenditure on New and Upgraded Assets (including Investment Property & Real Estate Developments)	(1,042,934)	(1,530,939)
add back Amounts Received Specifically for New and Upgraded Assets	371,514	1,465,842
Subtotal	(671,420)	(65,097)
Net Lending / (Borrowing) for Financial Year	(222,580)	(214,058)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 17. Operating Leases

\$ 2019	2018

Leases Providing Revenue to the Council

Council owns various buildings, plant and other facilities that are available for hire or lease (on a non-cancellable basis wherever practicable) in accordance with the published revenue policy. Rentals received from such leases are disclosed as rent and hire of non-investment property in Note 2.

Leases commitments under all non-cancellable lease agreements, including those relating to Investment Property, are as follows:

Not later than one year	666	4,000
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	-	12,000
Later than 5 years		
	666	16,000

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 18. Superannuation

\$

The Council makes employer superannuation contributions in respect of its employees to Statewide Super (formerly Local Government Superannuation Scheme). There are two types of membership, each of which is funded differently. Permanent and contract employees of the South Australian Local Government sector with Salarylink benefits prior to 24 November 2009 have the option to contribute to the Accumulation section and/or Salarylink. All other employees (including casuals) have all contributions allocated to the Accumulation section.

Accumulation only Members

Accumulation only members receive both employer and employee contributions on a progressive basis. Employer contributions are based on a fixed percentage of ordinary time earnings in accordance with superannuation guarantee legislation (9.50% in 2018/19; 9.50% in 2017/18). No further liability accrues to the Council as the superannuation benefits accruing to employees are represented by their share of the net assets of the Fund.

Salarylink (Defined Benefit Fund) Members

Salarylink is a defined benefit scheme where the benefit payable is based on a formula determined by the member's contribution rate, number of years and level of contribution and final average salary. Council makes employer contributions to Salarylink as determined by the Fund's Trustee based on advice from the appointed Actuary. The rate is currently 6.3% (6.3% in 2017/18) of "superannuation" salary.

In addition, Council makes a separate contribution of 3% of ordinary time earnings for Salarylink members to their Accumulation account. Employees also make member contributions to the Salarylink section of the Fund. As such, assets accumulate in the Salarylink section of the Fund to meet the member's benefits, as defined in the Trust Deed, as they accrue.

The Salarylink section is a multi-employer sponsored plan. As the Salarylink section's assets and liabilities are pooled and are not allocated by each employer, and employees may transfer to another employer within the local government sector and retain membership of the Fund, the Actuary is unable to allocate benefit liabilities, assets and costs between employers. As provided by AASB 119.32(b), Council does not use defined benefit accounting for these contributions.

The most recent actuarial investigation was conducted by the Fund's actuary, Louise Campbell, FIAA, of Willie Towers Watson as at 30 June 2017. The Trustee has determined that the current funding arrangements are adequate for the expected Salarylink liabilities. However, future financial and economic circumstances may require changes to Council's contribution rates at some future time.

Contributions to Other Superannuation Schemes

Council also makes contributions to other superannuation schemes selected by employees under the "choice of fund" legislation. All such schemes are of the accumulation type, where the superannuation benefits accruing to the employee are represented by their share of the net assets of the scheme, and no further liability attaches to the Council.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 19a. Interests in Other Entities

\$

Council has no interest in any Equity Accounted Businesses such as Joint Ventures, Associates & Joint Operations.

Note 19b. Controlled Entities

SUBSIDIARIES

Council has no interest in any Subsidiaries.

Note 20. Non-Current Assets Held for Sale & Discontinued Operations

Council does not have any Non-Current Assets Held for Sale or any Discontinued Operations

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 21. Contingencies & Assets/Liabilities Not Recognised in the Balance Sheet

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Balance Sheet, but knowledge is considered relevant to the users of the financial report in making and evaluating decisions about the allocation of scarce resources.

1. LAND UNDER ROADS

As reported in the Financial Statements, Council is of the opinion that it is not possible to attribute a value sufficiently reliably for these assets to qualify for recognition, and accordingly land under roads has not been recognised in the reports. Land acquired for road purposes during the year is initially recognised at cost, but transferred to fair value at reporting date, effectively writing off the expenditure.

At reporting date, Council controlled 1,262 km of road reserves of average width 8 metres.

2. POTENTIAL INSURANCE LOSSES

Council is a multi-purpose organisation providing a large range of building, parks infrastructure, playgrounds and other facilities accessible to the public. At any time, it is likely that claims will have been made against Council that remain unsettled.

Council insures against all known insurable risks using a range of insurance policies, each of which is subject to deductable "insurance excesses", the amount of which varies according to the class of insurance.

Council has recognised the potential losses arising from claims known at reporting date based on average historical net cost (including insurance excess) of similar types of claims. Other potential claims not reported to Council may have existed at reporting date.

3. BANK GUARANTEES

Council has guaranteed certain loans and other banking facilities advanced to community organisations and sporting bodies, amounting to **\$34,940** (2018: **\$39,481**) at reporting date.

Council does not expect to incur any loss arising from these guarantees.

4. LEGAL MATTERS

Council is the planning consent authority for its area under the Development Act 1993 (as amended). Pursuant to that Act, certain persons aggrieved by a planning decision of the Council may appeal. It is normal practice that parties bear their own legal costs. At the date of these reports, Council had notice of no appeals against planning decisions made prior to reporting date. All known costs have been recognised, but the amount of further costs cannot be known until the appeals are determined.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 22. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

Events that occur after the reporting date of 30 June 2019, up to and including the date when the financial statements are "authorised for issue" have been taken into account in preparing these statements.

Council has adopted the date of receipt of the Certification of Financial Statements as the appropriate "authorised for issue" date relating to these General Purpose Financial Statements.

Accordingly, the "authorised for issue" date is 04 May 2020.

Council is aware of the following "non adjusting events" that merit disclosure;

- On 31 January 2020, subsequent to the reporting period, the World Health Organisation (WHO) announced a global health emergency in relation to the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak. The Council is managing the potential impacts on operations. These impacts include the closure of the Visitor Information Centre and various other recreational community facilities and amennities, additional cleaning of Council facilities and some employees working from home and from different locations. At the date of this report, an accurate estimate of the financial impact of this event cannot be made. The Council are ensuring adequate financial reserves are in place to manage any financial risks.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 23. Related Party Transactions

\$	2019	2018

Key Management Personnel

Key Management Personnel - Compensation

Paragraph 17 of AASB 124 requires Council to disclose all forms of Key Management Personnel compensation that is paid, payable or provided by the council (or on its behalf) in exchange for services rendered. The following table details the number of individual benefits provided by Council to Key Management Personnel and their collective values.

The compensation paid to Key Management Personnel comprises:

Short-Term Employee Benefits	583,588	526,000
Post-Employment Benefits	35,784	67,000
Long-Term Benefits	36,555	48,000
Termination Benefits		
Total	655,927	641,000

Amounts paid as direct reimbursement of expenses incurred on behalf of Council have not been included above.

Of these amounts, \$514,484 has been paid, \$141,013 is payable by Council and \$429 has been provided for as at the reporting date. The amounts detailed as "payable" and "provided for" relate entirely to accrued Employee Leave Entitlements as at the reporting date, and are total amounts and not the net movement for the reporting period

Key Management Personnel - Receipts From

Other than amounts paid as ratepayers or residents (e.g. rates, swimming pool entry fees, etc.), Council received no amounts (in total) from Key Management Personnel:

Parties Related to Key Management Personnel

Paragraph 18 of AASB 124 requires that if Council has had related party transactions during the reporting period, that Council shall disclose the nature of the related party relationship, together with information about those transactions including outstanding balances, commitments and provisions and / or expenses during the reporting period relating to bad or doubtful debts.

Key Management Personnel or close family members lodged a total of one (1) planning and building application during the reporting period. In accordance with the Local Government Act 1999, these persons took no part in the assessment or approval process for this application. Total fees for this application were \$420 with the full amount paid prior to 30 June 2019.

Two (2) Key Management Personnel are on the Executive of the Pichi Richi Railway Preservation Society Inc. Council collected ticket sale income of \$175,055 for the organisation and paid this to the organisation during the reporting period. \$21,404 remained payable to the organisation by Council at 30 June 2019.

Council paid the organisation for memberships during the reporting period.

Council provided in-kind works and a 100% discretionary rebate of rates to the organisation during the reporting peric

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 23. Related Party Transactions (continued)

\$ 2019 2018

Council leases the Visitor Information Centre from the organisation. Council paid the organisation \$12,500 during the reporting period with a further \$12,500 payable to the organisation by Council at 30 June 2019.

The organisation has lease agreement(s) with Council to use Council land. No fees or rentals are charged for this.

One (1) Key Management Personnel Chairs the Quorn Men's Shed Association. During the reporting period, Council provided support (materials and catering provisions) to the value of \$2,512.

The organisation has lease agreement(s) with Council to use Council land. No fees or rentals are charged for this.

Two (2) Key Management Personnel sit on the Barndioota Consultative Committee established by the Australian Government's Department of Industry, Innovation and Science. Council received six grants under the Department's National Radioactive Waste Management Facility Community Benefit Programme in the past. As at 30 June 2019 an amount of \$134,562 remains payable to Council as the final grant payments.

One (1) Key Management Personnel is on the Board of the Hawker Community Sports Centre Inc. Council provided the organisation with discretionary rate rebates of \$5,822 during the reporting period. No amounts are outstanding at 30 June 2019.

The organisation has lease agreement(s) with Council to use Council land. No fees or rentals are charged for this. Council provided in-kind works to the organisation during the reporting period.

One (1) Key Management Personnel and a close member of the person's family are involved in a business from which Council made purchases totalling \$12,678 during the reporting period. At 30 June 2019, a balance of \$484 remained payable by Council. Council also sells product of another business operated by this close family mem on a commission basis. Sales totalled \$995 and commissions of \$96 were received during the reporting period, with \$ in sale payable and \$35 in commissions receivable as at 30 June 2019.

Two (2) Key Management Personnel are members of the Board of Regional Development Australia Far North. During the reporting period, Council made payments of \$21,897 to the organisation. As at 30 June 2019, no amounts were outstanding.

One (1) Key Management Personnel is on the Board of Hawker Community Development Board Inc. During the reporting period, Council received \$1,915 from the organisation for cleaning, electricity and freight reimbursements. Council made payments of \$20 to the organisation for subscription and materials. As at 30 June 2019, an amount of \$465 remained payable to Council by the organisation.

The organisation has lease agreement(s) with Council to use Council land. No fees or rentals are charged for this.

One (1) Key Management Personnel is on the Board of Wirreanda Cottage. During the reporting period, Council provided the organisation with a \$2,310 discretionary rate rebate. As at 30 June 2019, no amounts were outstanding.

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 24. Reconciliation of Grants Received

\$ Notes	Opening Balance	Movements Received	Expended	Closing Balance
This note has been made available for specific Cour	ncil Notes.			
Grants				
General Purpose - Commonwealth				
Grants Commission Grant - General Purpose	-	1,168,129	(1,168,129)	-
Grants Commission Grant - Local Roads	-	461,695	(461,695)	-
Total General Purpose Grants	-	1,629,824	(1,629,824)	-
Specific Purpose				
Country SA PHN	-	14,700	(14,700)	-
Libraries	-	1,119	(1,119)	-
Medical Workforce	-	20,000	-	20,000
Cradock Heritage Signs	-	2,535	-	2,535
Hawker Courts	-	68,000	(68,000)	-
FRRR 500 Miles of Music	-	19,000	(15,689)	3,311
Craddock Memorial Shelter	-	23,804	(23,804)	-
Quorn and Hawker Walks	-	96,506	(96,506)	-
Hawker Aerodrome	-	9,934	(9,934)	-
Dog Park	-	3,000	(3,000)	-
DPC - PRRPS Review	-	20,000	(20,000)	-
DVA - Bruce Honour Board	-	4,500	(4,500)	-
Arts SA - Christmas Pageant		1,700		1,700
Total Specific Purpose Grants	-	284,798	(257,252)	27,546
Total Other Grants		1,914,622	(1,887,076)	27,546
Comparatives	74,859	1,655,354	(1,730,213)	
Grants Specifically for New/Upgraded Asse	ts			
Specific Purpose				
Skate Park	-	142,783	(142,783)	-
CCTV	-	12,960	(12,960)	-
Hawker Gymnasium	-	215,771	(215,771)	-
Total Grants Specifically for		,		
New/Upgraded Assets	_	371,514	(371,514)	_
Comparatives	390,230	1,465,842	(1,856,072)	
•			, , , ,	

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 25. Material Budget Variations

\$

This Note sets out the details of MATERIAL VARIATIONS between Council's Original Budget and its Actual Results for the year as per the Income Statement - even though such variations may have been adjusted for during each Budget Review.

Note that for Variations* of Budget to Actual :

Material Variations represent those variances that amount to 10% or more of the original budgeted figure.

2019

Budget

2019

Actual

2019

--- Variance* ------

f

F = Favourable Budget Variation, **U** = Unfavourable Budget Variation

Rates Revenues	2,321,600	2,329,553	7,953	0%	F
Statutory Charges	38,800	31,119	(7,681)	(20%)	U
Development Fee Income significantly lower than	Budgeted.				
User Charges	76,500	107,185	30,685	40%	F
Pichi Richi Marathon Entry Fees not Budgeted. Recalculations. Facility hire fees higher than Budgete		cyling Pick Up cl	harges not incl	uded in Bu	dget
Grants, Subsidies & Contributions More grants received than anticipated in Budget	1,692,100	1,887,076	194,976	12%	F
Investment Income	44,300	85,174	40,874	92%	F
Cash holdings as a result of additional grants and investment. Conservative approach also taken in		penditures result	ted in additiona	ıl funds ava	ailabl
Reimbursements	62,300	60,297	(2,003)	(3%)	U
Other Income Other revenue items received that were not budge	409,600 eted for or were con	484,521 servatively estin	74,921 nated.	18%	F
EXPENSES					
Employee Costs	1,946,200	1,472,881	(473,319)	(24%)	U
					_
	• •	•	•	nded perio	_
leave during the year. Less labour capitalised than	• •	•	•	nded perio	_
leave during the year. Less labour capitalised than Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses Contractors used for employee vacancies and lea	2,491,300	2,841,607	350,307	14%	ds of
leave during the year. Less labour capitalised that Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses Contractors used for employee vacancies and lea unbudgeted grants received.	2,491,300	2,841,607	350,307	14%	ds of
Full employment structure as Budgeted not in place leave during the year. Less labour capitalised that Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses Contractors used for employee vacancies and lease unbudgeted grants received. Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment Finance Costs	n Budgeted (used c 2,491,300 ve periods. Addition	2,841,607 all unbudgeted e	ne cases). 350,307 expenditure ass	14% sociated w	f ith
leave during the year. Less labour capitalised than Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses Contractors used for employee vacancies and lea unbudgeted grants received. Depreciation, Amortisation & Impairment	2,491,300 ve periods. Addition	2,841,607 nal unbudgeted e	350,307 expenditure ass (41,540)	14% sociated w	F ith

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 26. Financial Commentary & Review

\$

Key Financial Figures of Council over the past 5 years

Financial Performance Figures	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Inflows:					
Rates	2,329,553	2,222,028	2,150,716	2,094,411	2,050,969
Statutory Charges	31,119	49,170	40,791	36,252	34,897
User Charges	107,185	99,868	79,403	83,328	80,106
Grants, Subsidies & Contributions	1,887,076	1,655,354	1,495,840	1,584,685	1,620,397
Investment Income	85,174	82,362	97,668	95,035	95,900
Total Income from Continuing Operations	4,984,925	4,649,130	4,409,886	4,361,481	4,374,298
Sale Proceeds from I,PP&E	486,378	1,581,024	679,890	1,154,090	-
New Loan Borrowings & Advances	120,000	-	-		750,000
Outflows:					
Employee Costs	1,472,881	1,520,048	1,665,349	1,232,343	1,526,121
Materials, Contracts & Other Expenses	2,841,607	2,452,630	2,479,601	2,211,089	1,520,454
Finance Costs	65,510	72,107	83,455	92,840	94,707
Total Expenses from Continuing Operations	5,891,058	5,568,526	5,731,550	4,776,887	4,478,110
Total Cash purchases of I,PP&E	(1,313,884)	(2,399,427)	(755,168)	(1,766,243)	(3,830,542)
Total Loan Repayments (incl. Finance Leases)	(219,221)	(203,782)	(195,966)	(158,479)	(130,039)
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) (excl. Capital Income)	(906,133)	(919,396)	(1,321,664)	(415,406)	(103,813)
Financial Position Figures	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Current Assets	4,306,650	4,233,753	5,162,601	4,146,966	4,536,412
Current Liabilities	3,344,291	2,296,009	2,778,059	1,682,652	2,094,461
Net Current Assets	962,359	1,937,743	2,384,542	2,464,314	2,441,951
Cash & Investments	3,327,155	3,259,832	4,246,593	3,229,917	2,857,871
Total Borrowings Outstanding (Loans, Advances & Finance Leases)	1,004,086	1,103,306	1,307,088	1,503,054	1,661,533
Total Value of I,PP&E (excl. Land & Land Imp'ments	80,804,871	79,516,006	78,011,999	76,293,901	74,645,157
Total Accumulated Depreciation	27,728,495	26,388,413	25,146,413	19,635,998	18,458,833
Indicative Remaining Useful Life (as a % of GBV)	66%	67%	68%	74%	75%

Source: Published audited financial statements of Council (current year & prior year)

Notes to and forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 27. Council Information & Contact Details

Principal Place of Business:

1 Seventh Street QUORN SA 5433

Contact Details

Mailing Address:

PO Box 43

QUORN SA 5433

Telephone: 08 8620 0500

Officers

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Colin Davies

PUBLIC OFFICER

Colin Davies

AUDITORS

Galpins, Accountants, Auditors &

Business Consultants

PO Box 4067

NORWOOD SOUTH SA 5067

Elected Members

Opening Hours:

Monday to Friday - 9:00am to 5:00pm

council@frc.sa.gov.au

Saturday & Sunday - Closed Public Holidays - Closed

Internet: www.frc.sa.gov.au

MAYOR

Email:

Peter Slattery

COUNCILLORS

Cr Ken Anderson

Cr Greg Flint

Cr Julian Hipwell

Cr Annie Reubenicht

Cr Patsy Reynolds

Cr Andrew Smith Cr Steve Taylor

Cr Kevin Woolford

Other Information

ABN: 43 952 255 151



Accountants, Auditors & Business Consultants

David Chant CA, FCPA Simon Smith CA, FCPA David Sullivan CA, CPA Jason Seidel CA Renae Nicholson CA Tim Muhlhausler CA Aaron Coonan CA Luke Williams CA, CPA Daniel Moon CA



Mount Gambier

233 Commercial Street West PO Box 246, Mount Gambier SA 5290 P: [08] 8725 3068 F: [08] 8724 9553 E: admin@galpins.com.au

Stirling

Unit 4, 3-5 Mount Barker Road PO Box 727, Stirling SA 5152 P: (08) 8339 1255 F: (08) 8339 1266 E: stirling@galpins.com.au

Norwood

3 Kensington Road, Norwood SA 5067 PO Box 4067, Norwood South SA 5067 P: [08] 8332 3433

F: (08) 8332 3466

E: norwood@galpins.com.au

W: www.galpins.com.au

ABN: 30 630 511 757

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of the Flinders Ranges Council

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Flinders Ranges Council, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Council Certificate of the Flinders Ranges Council.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards, Local Government Act 1999 and Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Council in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including independence standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Council's Responsibility for the Financial Report

Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations), the Local Government Act 1999 and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011 and for such internal control as Council determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, Council is responsible for assessing the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Council either intends to liquidate the Council or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Council's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit of the financial report in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Council's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Council to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Tim Muhlhausler CA Registered Company Auditor

Partner

15 / 05 / 2020

In the



David Chant CA, FCPA Simon Smith CA, FCPA David Sullivan CA, CPA Jason Seidel CA Renae Nicholson CA Tim Muhlhausler CA Aaron Coonan CA Luke Williams CA, CPA Daniel Moon CA



Mount Gambier

233 Commercial Street West PO Box 246, Mount Gambier SA 5290 P: [08] 8725 3068 F: [08] 8724 9553 E: admin@galpins.com.au

Stirling

Unit 4, 3-5 Mount Barker Road PO Box 727, Stirling SA 5152 P: [08] 8339 1255 F: [08] 8339 1266

E: stirling@galpins.com.au

Norwood

3 Kensington Road, Norwood SA 5067 PO Box 4067, Norwood South SA 5067

P: [08] 8332 3433

F: [08] 8332 3466

E: norwood@galpins.com.au

W: www.galpins.com.au

ABN: 30 630 511 757

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Flinders Ranges Council

Independent Assurance report on the Internal Controls of the Flinders Ranges Council

Opinion

We have audited the compliance of the Flinders Ranges Council (the Council) with the requirements of Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* in relation only to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019 have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

In our opinion, the Flinders Ranges Council has complied, in all material respects, with *Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999* in relation to Internal Controls established by the Council in relation to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial transactions of the Council have been conducted properly and in accordance with law for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our engagement in accordance with applicable Australian Standards on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3000 Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and ASAE 3150 Assurance Engagements on Controls, issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, in order to state whether, in all material respects, the Council has complied with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation only to the Internal Controls specified above for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019. ASAE 3000 also requires us to comply with the relevant ethical requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The Council's Responsibility for Internal controls

The Council is responsible for implementing and maintaining an adequate system of internal controls, in accordance with Section 125 of the *Local Government Act 1999* to ensure that the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property, and incurring of liabilities have been conducted properly and in accordance with law.

Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other relevant ethical requirements relating to assurance engagements, and apply Auditing Standard ASQC 1 *Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, and Other Assurance Engagements* in undertaking this assurance engagement.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation only to the Internal Controls established by the Council to ensure that financial transactions relating to the receipt, expenditure and investment of money, acquisition and disposal of property and incurring of liabilities, based on our procedures. Our engagement has been conducted in accordance with applicable Australian Standards on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3000 Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and ASAE 3150 Assurance Engagements on Controls, issued by the Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, in order to state whether, in all material respects, the Council has complied with Section 125 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation only to the Internal Controls specified above for the period 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019. ASAE 3000 also requires us to comply with the relevant ethical requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies.

Limitations of Controls

Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control structure it is possible that, even if the controls are suitably designed and operating effectively, the control objectives may not be achieved so that fraud, error, or non-compliance with laws and regulations may occur and not be detected.

An assurance engagement on controls is not designed to detect all instances of controls operating ineffectively as it is not performed continuously throughout the period and the tests performed are on a sample basis. Any projection of the outcome of the evaluation of controls to future periods is subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with them may deteriorate.

Limitation of Use

This report has been prepared for the members of the Council in Accordance with Section 129 of the Local Government Act 1999 in relation to the Internal Controls Specified above. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this report to any persons or users other than the members of the Council, or for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared.

GALPINS ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

Tim Muhlhausler CA, Registered Company Auditor

In All

Partner

15 / 05 / 2020

General Purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Certification of Auditor Independence

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we confirm that, for the purpose of the audit of The Flinders Ranges Counci for the year ended 30 June 2019, the Council's Auditor, Galpins Accountants, Auditors and Business Consultants ha maintained its independence in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22(3) *Local Government* (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Eric Brown

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Richard Perkins

PRESIDING MEMBER, AUDIT COMMITTEE

Date: 4 May 2020

General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Statement by Auditor

I confirm that, for the audit of the financial statements of The Flinders Ranges Council for the year ended 30 June 2019, I have maintained my independence in accordance with the requirements of APES 110 – Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, Section 290, published by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board, in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1999* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 2011* made under that Act.

This statement is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 22 (5) *Local Government* (Financial Management) Regulations 2011.

Tim Muhlhaausler

In All

Galpins Accountants, Auditors and Business Consultants

Dated this 28th day of April 2020.